Safety Data Sheet



Advanced Nutrients pH Perfect Micro

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : Advanced Nutrients pH Perfect Micro

Other means of : Product Code: 1401 identification Formula Code: 001D

Recommended use of the : A plant nutrient used to obtain faster growth and larger

chemical and restriction on yields in all kinds of growing media. Not to be used as food or

feed in any forms.

: Advanced Nutrients Ltd. Supplier/Manufacturer's 109-31063 Wheel Ave. details

Abbotsford, BC Canada V2T6H1 Tel: (877) 604-8637

Email: info@advancednutrients.com

www.advancednutrients.com

Emergency Phone number : 24 Hour Transportation Emergency Number –

CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 U.S.A, Canada, International

Section 2. Hazard Identification

GHS classification of the : Neither the mixture nor its major constituents are listed in substance/mixture (a) the CLP/GHS database (Table 3.1 and 3.2 of Annex VI to CLP) and (b) OSHA Laws & Regulations (29 CFR - 1910

Subpart Z: Table Z-1 to Z-3) as hazardous materials.

GHS label elements

use

: Not applicable. Pictogram symbol Signal word : Not applicable. : Not hazardous. **Hazard statement**

Precautionary statement

General : Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If

medical advice is needed, have product container or label at

hand.

Prevention : Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep

away from heat. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this

product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

: If on skin: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin Response

> irritation occurs: Get medical attention. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye



irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Storage : Store in a cool dry place.

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards (not covered the GHS

Disposal

: Calcium nitrate and magnesium nitrate are used in the manufacture of this product. The US National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Code 430 (1995) has classified Magnesium nitrate as oxidizing material in Class 1, which slightly increase the burning rate of combustible materials, but do not cause spontaneous ignition when it comes in contact with them.

Section 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Substance/Mixture: Mixture

Chemical identityCommon name/synonymCAS number and otherNot applicableNot applicable

unique identifiers

Impurities and stabilizing : Not applicable

additives

Ingredient name	CAS number	% (w/w)	Classification according to OSHA Laws &
			Regulations
Calcium nitrate	10124-37-5	10-30	Not classified as hazardous
Magnesium nitrate	10377-60-3	1-5	Not classified as hazardous

The chemical identity of the remaining ingredients and their exact proportions used in the mixture are a proprietary trade secret (protected by the Confidential Business Information – CBI) and, within the current knowledge of the manufacturer and in the concentration applicable, they are not hazardous to health or the environment.

Section 4. First-aid Measures

December	:		
Describt	ion o	f necessary	measures

Self-protection of first-

aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

General information: Remove contaminated clothing immediately. In case of

accident or unwellness, seek medical attention immediately.

Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position

comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial



respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-tomouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove

> contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes

thoroughly before reuse.

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally

> lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes.

Get medical attention.

Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any.

> Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an

or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed:

Inhalation : Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health

hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.

open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt

Skin contact : No known health effects due to skin contact.

: If in eyes, it causes eye irritation. Adverse symptoms may **Eye contact**

include pain or irritation, watering and redness.

Ingestion : Harmful if swallowed. Irritating to mouth, throat and

stomach.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire,

symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to

be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.



Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

See also toxicological information (Section 11).

Section 5. Fire-fighting Methods

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

: None known.

the chemical

Specific hazards arising from: No specific fire or explosion hazard.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Special protective precautions for fire-fighters : Firefighters may enter the area if a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and a full face piece is worn.

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. Risk of explosion. If large quantities are involved in a major fire, evacuate the area. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fireexposed containers cool. Fight fire from protected location or maximum possible distance.

Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency personnel

: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and clean up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute



with water and mop up if water-soluble. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible material. It may lead to a fire risk when it dries out. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible material. It may lead to a fire risk when it dries out. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and Storage

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on general hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Conditions for safe storage and any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Separate from reducing agents and combustible materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have



been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure

limits

: Not applicable according to OSHA's mandatory PELs in the Z-

Tables.

Biological limit values

Appropriate engineering

controls

: None.

: No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure

to airborne contaminants.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to

reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

: PPE should be used in conjunction with other control measures, including engineering controls, ventilation and isolation. See Section 5 (Fire-fighting measures) of the SDS for specific fire/chemical PPE advice.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still



retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied air respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Thermal hazards : None.

Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance (physical state): Deep burgundy, opaque, liquid.

Odor : Chemical/Mineral

Odor threshold : Not available

pH : 5.3 Melting point/Freezing : -7.0°C

point

Initial boiling point and : 100°C (212°F)

boiling range

Flash point : Not available
Evaporation rate : Not available
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not flammable
Upper/lower flammability : Not applicable

or explosive limits

Vapor pressure : Not available
Vapor density : Not available
Relative density : 1.134 mg/L

Solubility (ies) : Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot

water.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not available



Auto-ignition temperature : Not applicable

Decomposition temperature : Not available

Viscosity : Not available

Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. **Chemical stability** The product is stable. **Possibility of hazardous** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions reactions will not occur. **Conditions to avoid** : Keep from freezing. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or ingestion. **Incompatible materials** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: reducing materials, organic materials, metals and acids. **Hazardous decomposition** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous products decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological Information

Acute toxicity					
Ingredient	Toxicity		Species	Dose*	Remark
Calcium nitrate	Oral LD50		Rat	300-2000 mg/kg bw	
	Inhalation LC	250	No data available	No data available	
	Dermal LD50)	No data available	No data available	
*- Obtained from ECH	IA (Updated Fe	b. 25	, 2015)		
Skin corrosion/irrit	ation: :	The	ere is no data availa	ble.	
Serious eye damage	e/ :	The	ere is no data availa	ble.	
irritation					
Respiratory or skin	:	The	ere is no data availa	ble.	
sensitization					
Germ cell mutagen	icity :	The	ere is no data availa	ble.	
Carcinogenicity	:	The	ere is no data availa	ble.	
Reproductive toxici	-	The	ere is no data availa	ble.	
STOT-single exposu			ere is no data availa		
STOT-repeated exp			ere is no data availa		
Aspiration hazard			ere is no data availa		
=		alth	effects and Sympto	oms related to the phy	ysical, chemical
and toxicological ch	naracteristics				
Eye contact	:		•	on. Adverse symptom	s may include
		pai	n or irritation, wate	ring and redness.	
Inhalation	:	-	•	ition products may ca	
		haz	zard. Serious effects	may be delayed follow	wing exposure.
Skin contact	:	Ma	ıy cause skin irritatio	on. Adverse symptoms	may include



irritation and redness.

Ingestion : Harmful if swallowed. Irritating to mouth, throat and

stomach.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short or long term exposure

Short-term exposure

Potential immediate: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

effects

Potential delayed : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

effects

Long-term exposure

Potential immediate: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

effects

Potential delayed : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

effects

Potential Chronic health : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

effect

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimate

Oral : No data available.

Inhalation of vapors : No data available.

Section 12. Ecological Information

Toxicity

Ingredient name	Result*	Species	Exposure	Reference
Calcium	Acute LC50 2400000 mg/L	Fish - Lepomis	96 hours	ECHA
nitrate	Fresh water	macrochirus		

Persistence and : There is no data available.

degradability

Bio accumulative potential : There is no data available.

Mobility in soil : There is no data available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal Considerations

Disposal of waste methods	:	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized
		wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and
		any by-products should comply with the requirements of
		environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and
		any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus
		and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal
		contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to



the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Contaminated packaging

: Empty containers should be recycled or disposed of through an approved waste management facility. Persons conducting disposal, recycling or reclamation activities should follow the information in Section 8 of this SDS.

Section 14. Transport Information

Identification of ingredients according to UN Model Regulations			
UN number	This product is a mixture of ingredients which are not listed as		
UN proper shipping name	'Dangerous Goods' in Chapter 3.2 of UN Recommendations on		
Transport hazard class(es)	the Transport of Dangerous Goods and/or one or more		
Packing group	ingredients are included in the list but their mixture is exempted from the same Regulation based on the Articles		
	2.0.2.5 (C), 2.0.2.7 and 3.3.1 No. 208.		
Special precaution for user	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed		
	containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons		
	transporting the product know what to do in the event of an		
	accident or spillage.		
Transport in bulk	Not applicable (≤ 1000L-container).		

Environmental hazards

Ingredient's name	IMDG	UN	ADR	RID	ADN
Calcium nitrate	No	No	No	No	No
Magnesium nitrate	No	No	No	No	No

Section 15. Regulatory Information

Safety, health and environmental regulations	:	No known specific national and/or
specific for the product in question		regional regulations applicable to this
		product (including its ingredients).

Section 16. Other Information

Prepared by	:	Department of Product Development, Advanced Nutrients
		Ltd., Canada
Date of preparation (d/m/y)	:	28/04/2015



Version : 4

Date of Revision : 15/04/2020 Revised Sections : Section 1

Key Acronyms:

ADN: The European Agreement concerning the International

Transport of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

ADR : The European Agreement concerning the International

Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

BW : Body Weight

IATA : International Air Transport Association shipment of

Dangerous Goods Regulation

IMDG : International Maritime Dangerous Goods code

RID : The Regulation concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Rail

SDS : Safety Data Sheet

Key Literature References:

Convention concerning International Carriage by Rail (COTIF) Appendix C – Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID), with effect from 1 January 2013. Intergovernmental Organization for International Carriage by Rail (OTIF). Berne, Switzerland, 2012.

European Chemical Agency (ECHA) 2015. Information on Chemicals: Registered substances http://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals/registered-substances. Online Database. Accessed on March 16, 2015.

European Agreement concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways (ADN), including the Annexed Regulations, applicable as from 1 January 2013. Volume I and Volume II. ECE/TRANS/231 (Vol. I & II). UN Economic Commission for Europe-Committee on Inland Transport. New York and Geneva, 2012.

European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR), applicable as from 1 January 2013. Volume I and Volume II. ECE/TRANS/225 (Vol. I & II). United Nations Economic Commission for Europe-Committee on Inland Transport, New York and Geneva, 2012.

Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals. 5th Edition. ST/SG/AC. 10.30/Rev. 5. United Nations, New York and Geneva, 2013.

Guidance on Labelling and Packaging Regulation in Accordance with EU Regulation 1272/2008 on the classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (CLP Regulation). European Chemical Agency, Finland, 2011.

International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG) Code Volume 1 and 2. Incorporating Amendment 33-06, 2006 Edition. International Maritime Organization. London, 2006.

OSH Answers Fact Sheets. Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety. http://www.ccohs.ca/oshanswers/chemicals/oxidizing/oxiziding hazards.html Accessed on April 08, 2015.

OSHA Law and Regulations. Occupational Safety and Health Standards 29 CFR: 1910. https://www.osha.gov/law-regs.html Accessed on April 15, 2015.



Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods – Manual of Test and Criteria. 5th Edition. ST/SG/AC. 10/11/Rev. 5. United Nations, New York and Geneva, 2009.

Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods – Model Regulations. 18th Edition. Volume I and II. ST/SG/AC. 10/1/Rev. 18. UN, New York and Geneva, 2013.

Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006. Official Journal of the European Union L 353/1. 2008.

Others

: The data here is for hazard communication to our employees, our customers and their employees and authorized regulatory agencies. For the intended purpose, this SDS may be duplicated or the data transcribed to an alternative form.

Note: The information contained herein is provided in good faith and is believed to be correct as of the date of hereof. However, Advanced Nutrients Ltd. makes no representation as to the comprehensiveness or accuracy of the information provided. It is expected that individuals receiving the information will exercise their independent judgement in determining the appropriateness for a particular period. Accordingly, Advanced Nutrients Ltd. will not be responsible for damages of any kind resulting from the use of or reliance upon such information. No representations or warranties, either expressed or implied, of merchantability, fitness for a particular purpose or any other nature are made hereunder to which the information refers. The responsibility to provide a safe workplace remains with the user. The user should consider the health hazards and safety information contained herein as a guide and should take those precautions required in an individual operation to instruct employees and develop work practice procedures for a safe work environment.